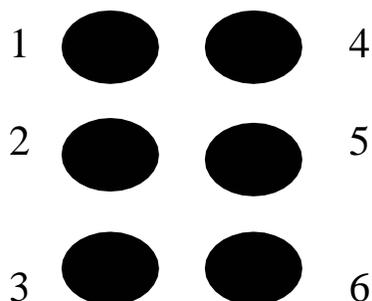


Key Points Lesson 1

There are 63 ways to combine the 6 dots that make the braille **cell**.
The braille cell looks like this:



The numbers are used for easy reference when talking about which keys to press on the braille writer, electronic notetaker, or refreshable braille display or which indentations to press on the slate.

Each letter of the alphabet has a dot combination that represents the letter. Here are the first 10 letters:



The letter “b” is made by pressing dots 1-2 while the “h” is made by pressing dots 1-2-5.

You must push all keys simultaneously on the braille writer, electronic notetaker or refreshable braille display to write the letter.

Examples:



Reading 1

1. The first row of Braille contains ten groups of characters, each representing a letter or a short word.

2. The second row of Braille contains ten groups of characters, each representing a letter or a short word.

3. The third row of Braille contains eight groups of characters, each representing a letter or a short word.

4. The fourth row of Braille contains seven groups of characters, each representing a letter or a short word.

Reading 1 Answer Key

hi cab ace did hag bid fee hid die hide

beef ha bad big fad dig bee gab ice dad

ebb dice jade face he badge ad acid

age abaci dab fig cab aid abide

Writing 1

acid

acacia

badge

beige

babe

cake

cage

deface

dice

ebb

egg

fad fife

gag

gage

hag

hajji

hide hi

id

if

idea

jag

jade

